# **New Course Proposal Checklist**

Submission Date: 10/29/2021
Department: Nursing

Course Title: NUR230 Beginning MSG Nursing

Prepared by: Carol Velas

Department Chair: Carol Velas

X if standards are met	Required Information	Questions/Comments
Х	Cover page that includes the department's endorsement	
Х	A brief rationale for proposing a new course	
Х	Course description for the catalogue	
Х	Prerequisites	
Х	Course Credit Units	
N/A	Modified catalog requirements showing new course placement in each major track and minor (if appropriate)	
Х	Syllabus that follows the <u>guidelines for syllabus</u> preparation	
Х	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) aligned with the departmental PLOs and listed in a syllabus	
	Frequency of offering: Check the appropriate box:	
	- every semester	
	- once a year (F or S)	
	- once every other year	
	- Mayterm only	
Х	- other (specify) FALL AND SPRING	
	Resources application: Check the appropriate box:	
Х	- staffing requirements (adjunct)	
Х	- IT resources	
	<ul> <li>other resources such as equipment, space, lab resources</li> </ul>	
NA	Attached Letter /Email from Provost if resources are required	_
NA	Library resources : Attached Letter/Email from the Library Director or Associate Library Director if resources are required	
NUR230	<b>Requested Course number</b> : Final determination by the Registrar upon consultation with the Department Chair	

Department Chair (signature)	Date
Carol a. Yclas	10/29/2021



## **WESTMONT**

To: Academic Senate

From: Department of Nursing-ABSN Program

Subject: Proposal for new course

Date: October 28, 2021

The Accelerated Bachelor of Science in Nursing program is a new program at Westmont College. This is a second bachelor degree program with an accelerated prelicensure nursing curriculum. The program is 4 semesters of 16 weeks each. Nursing courses include concurrent theory and clinical courses.

#### **New course**

NUR230 Beginning Medical/Surgical/Geriatric is a 6-unit course with 3 units of theory and 3 unit of clinical (135hrs) placed in the second semester. This is the second course in a series of medical/surgical/geriatric courses to prepare the nursing student for the safe, patient-centered and family-supported, compassionate care in a variety of healthcare settings.

We are proposing this course so students will have the knowledge and experience to begin to develop the cognition for critical thinking and clinical judgement in adult patients with disease processes of chronic pulmonary, cardiac, and endocrine conditions and patients needing surgery in the acute care setting. Students will begin to understand the importance of the religious assessment and resources available while they are learning the difference between caretaking and caregiving for compassionate care. The clinical settings for this course will occur at Santa Barbara Cottage Hospital in the acute care settings, caring for adults and elderly adults with acute conditions with a focus on the respiratory, cardiac, and endocrine systems with one day in the surgical unit to provide preoperative, intraoperative, and postoperative care.

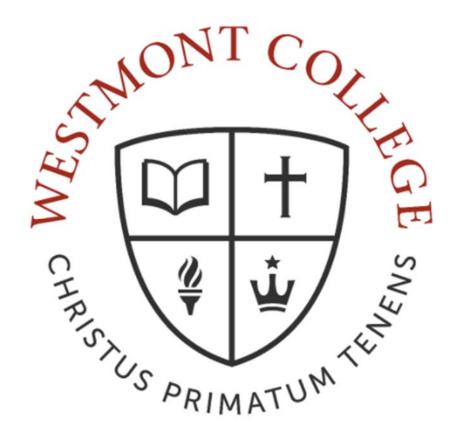
The attached syllabus enumerates the Course Learning Outcomes including mapping to the Program Learning Outcomes. Assessment Technology Institute, our supplemental instruction is integrated throughout the curriculum with notations for your understanding.

The course will be offered two times per year in varying semesters as the two cohorts of nursing students enroll. Because this is a new course and a new program it will require new staff and IT resources.

This course is part of the required curriculum for the Bachelor of Science in Nursing Program. The sequence of this course in the curriculum is permanent in the second semester.

## Westmont catalog course description

This is the second in a four-part series of courses on the compassionate care of the medical/surgical/geriatric patient. This course will focus on patient-centered, compassionate care for older adults and elderly patients with chronic conditions in the acute and long-term care setting. Students will learn about the care and interprofessional management of respiratory conditions like asthma and pneumonia, cardiac conditions like hypertension, and basic EKG interpretation, endocrine conditions like diabetes mellitus, disorders of the eye and ear, and the surgical patient including the peri, intra, and postoperative nursing management. Students will learn their role on the interprofessional team as they organize direct care for their patients.



# NUR230 Beginning Medical/Surgical Nursing

2022

# **NUR230 Beginning Medical/Surgical/Geriatric Nursing**

**6 units** (Theory-3units, Clinical-3units)

**Pre-requisites:** Acceptance into ABSN program **Placement in curriculum:** Prelicensure requirement

Time: TBD Room: TBD

Course Faculty: TBD Faculty office: TBD Faculty email: TBD Faculty phone: TBD

Faculty office hours: TBD

#### I. Important Information

This is a course in a series of prelicensure nursing courses to prepare the nursing student for the safe, patient-centered and family-supported, compassionate care in a variety of healthcare settings. The best way to be prepared for your lecture and clinical experience is to maintain a healthy mental, physical, and spiritual life. Come to class after a good night's sleep, eat nutritious food, and stay current with reading assignments. For your clinical experience, come with excitement and understand you will continue to learn in the clinical setting and apply the concepts and skills you are learning in class. To help with your success in this course and program, it is not suggested you work more than 20 hours per week if you have to work.

#### Westmont catalogue course description

This is the second in a four-part series of courses on the compassionate care of the medical/surgical/geriatric patient. This course will focus on patient-centered, compassionate care for older adults and elderly patients with chronic conditions in the acute and long-term care setting. Students will learn about the care and interprofessional management of respiratory conditions like asthma and pneumonia, cardiac conditions like hypertension, and basic EKG interpretation, endocrine conditions like diabetes mellitus, disorders of the eye and ear, and the surgical patient including the peri, intra, and postoperative nursing management. Students will learn their role on the interprofessional team as they organize direct care for their patients.

#### Instructor's further description

Students will now move to the acute and long term care settings providing compassionate care to older adults and elderly patients with chronic conditions. Students will also experience the perioperative management of patients by caring for a patient through the peri, intra, and postoperative phases of surgery.

#### **ABSN Program Mission**

Prepares faithful servant leaders to provide patient-centered and family supported safe, compassionate care for diverse populations and communities across the lifespan and in all health care settings.

#### **AACN Baccalaureate Essentials (2018)**

The Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education (CCNE) is an autonomous accrediting agency, contributing to the improvement of the public's health. A specialized/professional accrediting agency, CCNE strives to promote the quality and integrity of baccalaureate and graduate nursing programs. Following are the nine baccalaureate essentials used as the framework for the current curriculum. In 2021 the Essentials were revised and will be integrated into the curriculum over the next three years.

- 1. I Liberal Education for Baccalaureate Generalist Nursing Practice
- 2. II Basic Organizational and Systems Leadership for Quality Care and Patient Safety
- 3. III Scholarship for Evidence-Based Practice
- 4. IV Information Management and Application of Patient Care Technology
- 5. V Healthcare Policy, Finance, and Regulatory Environments
- 6. VI Interprofessional Communication and Collaboration for Improving Patient Health Outcomes
- 7. VII Clinical Prevention and Population Health
- 8. VIII Professionalism and Professional Values
- 9. IX Baccalaureate Generalist Nursing Practice

#### **AACN Essentials (revised 2021)**

The Essentials: Core Competencies for Professional Nursing Education provides a framework for preparing individuals as members of the discipline of nursing, reflecting expectations across the trajectory of nursing education and applied experience. The *Essentials* introduce 10 domains that represent the essence of professional nursing practice and the expected competencies for each domain. The competencies accompanying each domain are designed to be applicable across four spheres of care (disease prevention/promotion of health and wellbeing, chronic disease care, regenerative or restorative care, and hospice/palliative/supportive care), across the lifespan, and with diverse patient populations.

#### **Domains for Nursing**

Domains are broad distinguishable areas of competence that, when considered in the aggregate, constitute a descriptive framework for the practice of nursing.

#### The Ten Domains:

Domain 1-Knowledge for Nursing Practice Domain 2-Person-centered Care

**Domain 3-Population Health** 

Domain 4-Scholarship for Nursing Practice

Domain 5-Quality and Safety

Domain 6-Interprofessional Partnerships

Domain 7-Systems-based Practice

Domain 8-Information and Healthcare Technology

Domain 9-Professionalism

Domain 10-Personal, Professionals, Leadership Development

(The Essentials: Core Competencies for Professional Nursing Education, 2021)

### **Program Learning Outcomes (PLO)**

- 1. Exhibit Christian character and servant leadership while providing compassionate care for a diverse population in communities across state, national, and global settings.
- 2. Evidence-based best practices, critical thinking, and clinical reasoning, inform clinical judgement for the provision of patient-centered, safe, quality care.
- 3. Create patient education plans that are culturally specific to the patient and that incorporate the family support system.
- 4. Communicate effectively with the interprofessional team to ensure a wholistic approach to patient-centered care.
- 5. Continue inquisitive learning by using the Electronic Medical Record (EMR) and Informatics to meet quality metrics in a variety of healthcare and geographic settings.
- 6. Advocate for healthcare policies for the underserved, vulnerable populations to ensure equity with access to care for prevention, remedial, supportive, and rehabilitative nursing care regionally, nationally, and globally.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)**

- 1. Recognizes the need for spiritual care for each patient and informs appropriate spiritual advisor.
- 2. Recalls the nursing process in your assessment and care planning of patients with chronic pulmonary, cardiac, and endocrine conditions and patients needing surgery in the acute and long-term care setting.
- 3. Demonstrates beginning critical thinking, cultural sensitivity, and understanding of the biopsychosocial needs and preferences of the patient as the provider of care.
- 4. Discusses the importance of safe medication administration by ensuring best practices and safety protocols used with each medication administered to patients.
- 5. Practices effective communication to peer, clinical faculty, and the interprofessional healthcare team.
- 6. Describes how individual patient care and best practices evolves into the care of communities and populations on the regional, state, and national level.
- 7. Assembles nursing thoughts and clinical judgement to make accurate and relevant nursing entries in the Electronic Medical Record. Evaluate trends in vital signs and other diagnostic tests.
- 8. Collects community resources for prevention and population health for discharge planning.

**PLO and CLO Alignment Table** 

PLO and CLO Alignment Table	
Program Learning Outcomes	Course Learning Outcomes
Exhibit Christian character and servant	Recognizes the need for spiritual care
leadership while providing compassionate	for each patient and informs appropriate
care for a diverse population in	spiritual advisor.
communities across state, national, and	
global settings.	O. Donalla the municipal process in visus
2. Evidence-based best practices, critical thinking, and clinical reasoning, inform	2. Recalls the nursing process in your assessment and care planning of patients
clinical judgement for the provision of	with chronic pulmonary, cardiac, and
patient-centered, safe, quality care.	endocrine conditions and patients
parent conteres, care, quanty care.	needing surgery in the acute and long-
	term care setting.
3. Create patient education plans that are	3. Demonstrates beginning critical
culturally specific to the patient and that	thinking, cultural sensitivity, and
incorporate the family support system.	understanding of the biopsychosocial
	needs and preferences of the patient as
	the provider of care.
	4. Discusses the importance of safe
	medication administration by ensuring
	best practices and safety protocols used
	with each medication administered to patients.
4. Communicate effectively with the	5. Practices effective communication to
interprofessional team to ensure a	peer, clinical faculty, and the
wholistic approach to patient-centered	interprofessional healthcare team.
care.	
5. Continue inquisitive learning by using	7. Assembles nursing thoughts and
the Electronic Medical Record and	clinical judgement to make accurate and
Informatics to meet quality metrics in a	relevant nursing entries in the Electronic
variety of healthcare and geographic	Medical Record. Evaluate trends in vital
settings.	signs and other diagnostic tests.
6. Advocate for healthcare policies for the	6. Describes how individual patient care
underserved, vulnerable populations to	and best practices evolves into the care
ensure equity with access to care for	of communities and populations on the
prevention, remedial, supportive, and	regional, state, and national level.
rehabilitative nursing care regionally,	8. Collects community resources for
nationally, and globally.	prevention and population health for discharge planning.
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# Required Textbooks

Title	Author	Publisher	ISBN#
Psychology for	Barker	Sage	9-781473925069
Nursing &			
Healthcare			
Professional:			

Developing			
Compassionate			
Care			
Gerontologic	Meiner & Yeager	Elsevier	9-780323498111
Nursing (6 <sup>th</sup> ed.)			
Brunner &	Hinkle & Cheever	Lippincott Williams	9-781496355157
Suddarth's		&	
Textbook of		Wilkins	
Medical-Surgical			
Nursing (14 <sup>th</sup> ed.)			
<b>Nursing Diagnosis</b>	textbook of your choic	e (can be a bundled a	oplication on smart
phone)	-		
Nursing Drug textbo	ook of your choice (car	n be a bundled applica	tion on smart phone)
Publication Manual	American	American	978-143383216
of the American	Psychological	Psychological	
Psychological	Association	Association	
Association (7 <sup>th</sup> ed.)			

#### **Supplemental Resources**

ATI Supreme Essentials provides the visual and auditory learners with skill vignettes, review modules, online tutorials, dosage calculation and safe medication practice, computer adaptive NextGen and current NCLEX test item types, civility tutorials, and ATI Pulse (analytics engine that predicts students probability of passing the NCLEX). ATI also provides a host of practice and proctored NCLEX style exams as well as a Predictor exam to prepare for the NCLEX. ATI tools will be fully integrated into each nursing course.

#### **Suggested Resources**

- 1. Articles
- 2. Position Papers
- 3. Healthcare Policies
- **4.** Westmont College Library and online databases (EBSCO, ProQuest, ERIC, CINALH)

#### Assessment of CLOs (Assignments, quizzes, exams)

The assessments used in this course to measure your learning and meeting the content objectives and course learning outcomes will include class participation, quizzes, exams using NCLEX style questions, and a signature assessment (comprehensive assessment). If student earns <85% on any course exam, student must build a 20-question quiz using ATI's Learning System quiz bank on missed content as remediation for course exam. This quiz will be due on next class day.

Course Learning Outcomes	Instructional activity	Assessment
1. Recognizes the need for	Lecture, class	Assignments, quizzes, and
spiritual care for each patient	discussion, shared	exams
	experiences, and	

		<u>,                                      </u>
and informs appropriate	scaffolding case	
spiritual advisor.	studies	
2. Recalls the nursing process		
in your assessment and care		
planning of patients with		
chronic pulmonary, cardiac,		
and endocrine conditions and		
patients needing surgery in the		
acute and long-term care		
setting.		
3. Demonstrates beginning		
critical thinking, cultural		
sensitivity, and understanding		
of the biopsychosocial needs		
and preferences of the patient		
as the provider of care.		
4. Discusses the importance of		
safe medication administration		
by ensuring best practices and		
safety protocols used with		
each medication administered		
to patients.		
6. Describes how individual		
patient care and best practices		
evolves into the care of		
communities and populations		
on the regional, state, and		
national level.		
7. Assembles nursing thoughts		
and clinical judgement to		
make accurate and relevant		
nursing entries in the		
Electronic Medical Record.		
Evaluate trends in vital signs		
and other diagnostic tests.		
8. Collects community		
resources for prevention and		
population health for discharge		
planning.		
5. Practices effective	Lecture, class	Quizzes, exams, and
communication to peer, clinical	discussion, and	through evaluation of
faculty, and the	simulation	clinical practice (Clinical
interprofessional healthcare		evaluation tool)
team.		
Class participation	= P/NC	
Concept Map (periop)	= 100pts	
consepting (penep)	.00010	

Quizzes 4 x 25pts each = 100pts Exams 3 x 100pts each = 300pts Comprehensive Final Exam = 100pts Total = 600pts

#### II. Course Policies

#### Grading

Grade points per unit of credit are assigned on the following scale:

A 4 grade points

A- 3.7 grade points

B+ 3.3 grade points

B 3.0 grade points

B- 2.7 grade points

C+ 2.3 grade points

C 2.0 grade points

C- 1.7 grade points

D+ 1.3 grade points

D 1.0 grade points

D- 0.7 grade points

P (At least D-) No grade points assigned. Not computed in the grade point average.

F 0 grade points

NC (F) No grade points assigned. Not computed in the grade point average. W No grade points assigned. Not computed in grade point average.

WF No grade points assigned. Not computed in grade point average.

WP No grade points assigned. Not computed in grade point average.

WX No grade points assigned. Not computed in grade point average.

Westmont does not compute the units and grades students earned at other colleges in its grade average. (Exception: Courses and grades taken as part of a Westmont off-campus program are posted on the Westmont transcript and will be calculated in the Westmont GPA.)

Apart from the exceptions identified below, all courses at Westmont are graded using a letter scale (A, B, C, D, F).

Instructor Initiated Exceptions:

- For pedagogical reasons, an instructor may elect to use P/NC grade reporting in any class not approved for GE credit. It is assumed that the same gradereporting
  - system will be applied to the entire class.
- 2. With the approval of the General Education Committee, P/NC grade reporting may be used in appropriate, GE-approved courses.
- 3. When P/NC grade reporting is used, the syllabus must reflect this fact. In

<sup>\*</sup>Student must have 75% in theory and "Pass" in clinical to progress

addition, departments are encouraged to include a notice in the catalog that the course may use P/NC grading.

#### Office of Disability Services

Students who have been diagnosed with a disability are strongly encouraged to contact the Office of Disability Services as early as possible to discuss appropriate accommodations for this course. Formal accommodations will only be granted for students whose disabilities have been verified by the Office of Disability Services. These accommodations may be necessary to ensure your equal access to this course.

Please contact Sheri Noble, Director of Disability Services. (310A Voskuyl Library, 565-6186, snoble@westmont.edu) or visit the website for more information: <a href="http://www.westmont.edu/">http://www.westmont.edu/</a> offices/disability

#### **Dress Code**

Comfortable, non-binding clothing in theory classes

## **Academic Integrity**

When students join our college community, they are expected, as apprentice scholars, to search for truth with integrity and accuracy. This guest requires humility about our abilities, respect for the ideas of others, and originality in our thinking. Since Westmont is a Christian community, the integrity of our scholarship is rooted in the integrity of our faith. We seek to be followers of Christ in the classroom, in the library, and at the privacy of our computers. Violations of academic integrity are a serious breach of trust within the Westmont community because they violate the regard for truth essential to genuine learning and Christian consistency. Such deception also hurts those students who do their work with integrity. Violations of Academic Integrity may consist of cheating (the use of unauthorized sources of information on an examination or other assignment), falsification (misrepresentation of facts in any academic project or obligation) or plagiarism (the use of someone else's words or ideas without giving proper credit). Faculty and students should operate in an environment of mutual trust and respect. Faculty will expect students to act in ways consistent with academic integrity. However, for both scholarly and spiritual reasons, cheating, falsification, plagiarism and all other violations of academic integrity will not be tolerated in the Westmont community. Please familiarize yourself with the entire Westmont College Academic Integrity Policy. This document defines different violations of academic integrity and their consequences. It also contains very helpful information on strategies to recognize violations of academic integrity before they occur. Dishonesty in the clinical setting, will not be tolerated and students will be removed followed by program suspension or termination.

#### **Technology in the Classroom**

Laptops, tablets, and smart phones can be used in the classroom with the permission of the faculty. The use of smart phones in the clinical setting will depend on each clinical setting's rules. Smart phones in the clinical setting can be used for clinical related

resources (drug book, Tabers, calculation, etc). Recording lectures is also at the discretion of the faulty and permission must be granted.

#### **Emergencies**

In the event that an emergency occurs during instruction, it is important to be familiar with the practices in place for the classroom. Please review the document at https://integready.app.box.com/AnticipatingInClass and direct any questions or concerns to the Office of Institutional Resilience.

#### III. Weekly course schedule

#### Textbooks:

- 1. Medical/Surgical Nursing- Hinkle & Cheever (H&C)
- 2. Psychology of Nursing- Barker (Barker)
- 3. Gerontologic Nursing- Meiner & Yeager (Meiner)

\*Subject to change at any time, you will be notified of any changes

Week	Content Objectives	Reading	Activities and	Outcome
TTCCK	Contoni Objectives	rtodding	assignments	Measurement
1/2	-Orientation to class,	Barker: Ch 3	-In Chapter 17,	Measurement
1,2	syllabus, schedule	Danker. On o	pay special	
	-Perioperative Management	H & C: Ch. 17, 18,	attention to Table	
	Define the phases of	19	17-3, Chart 17-6,	
	perioperative patient care	10	Chart 17-8.	
	2. Describe a comprehensive	Meiner: Pg. 316-	-In Chapter 18,	
	preoperative assessment to	317, 458, 368,	Chart 18-1	
	identify pertinent health and	601	Chart 10 1	
	surgical risk factors.	001		
	Examine laboratory and	ATI Engage	Small group	
	diagnostic tests related to the	Fundamentals	discussion:	
	surgical procedure.	Unit:	Barker, Table 4-1	
	Construct accurate entry of	Physiological	pg. 72. The 6 C's	
	vital signs and nursing notes	Concepts for		
	in the EMR.	Nursing Practice	Class	
	4. Describe considerations	Lesson: The	discussion: 5	
	related to preoperative	Surgical Client	"A"s of evidence-	
	nursing care of the older		based practice	
	adult, patients who are obese,		Ask	
	and patients with disabilities.		Acquire	
	5. Identify legal and ethical		Appraise	
	considerations related to		Apply	
	obtaining informed consent for		Assess	
	surgery. surgery.			
	6. Evaluate the importance of		ATI's Engage	
	preoperative patient-centered		<b>Fundamentals</b>	
	education.		Clinical Judgment	
	7. Appraise the		Case Studies with	
	interprofessional approach to		Concept Map	
	the compassionate care of the		Activities: The	
	patient during surgery.		Surgical Client	
	8. Identify adverse effects of			
	surgery and anesthesia.			

				1
	9. Use the nursing process to			
	optimize patient outcomes during the intraoperative			
	period.			
	10. Compare and contrast			
	each role of the surgical team.			
	11. Discuss the 5 "A"s of			
	evidence-based practice.			
	12. Discuss medications used			
	in the pre-op period.			
3	-Perioperative Management	Barker: Ch. 3	Review H & C	Quiz on
	13. Describe the responsibility	Barker, On. o	Chart 19-1, Table	preoperative
	of the recovery room nurse in	H & C: Ch. 17, 18,	19-1 (use as a	material
	the stabilization of the patient	19	M/S nurse getting	
	after surgery.		a surgical	
	14. Differentiate the care of	Meiner: Pg. 316-	admission), Chart	
	the gerontologic patient	317, 458, 368,	19-3 Discharge	
	compared to an adult patient.	601	Instructions,	
	(Chart 19-7).		Chart 19-4, Chart	
	15. Discuss the pharmacological		19-6	
	management during the peri, in			
	and postoperative phases of su		Small group	
	including the nurse's role in		discussion: H &	
	patient/parent education for		C Chapter 19	
	drug action, side effects,		Critical Thinking	
	contraindications, and adverse		Exercise #1.	
	effects.			
4	- Perioperative Management		Exercise for	Concept Map due
4	- Perioperative Management cont.		Exercise for pairs:	Concept Map due
4	_		pairs: Complete a	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table		pairs: Complete a preoperative	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3).		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent,	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent,	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4).		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4). 18. Construct accurate		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4). 18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4). 18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound	Concept Map due
4	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4). 18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration	Concept Map due
	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4). 18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient	H & C: Ch. 23, 24	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound	
	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4). 18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with	H & C: Ch. 23, 24 (Asthma,	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration	Exam 1-
	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4). 18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with chronic respiratory		pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration  Discussion points: Compare	Exam 1- Perioperative
	cont.  16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3).  17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4).  18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with chronic respiratory conditions (tracheobronchitis and pneumonia)	(Asthma, tracheobronchitis, and Pneumonia	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration  Discussion points: Compare and contrast the different types of pneumonia.	Exam 1- Perioperative
	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4). 18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with chronic respiratory conditions (tracheobronchitis and pneumonia) 1. Discuss the	(Asthma, tracheobronchitis,	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration  Discussion points: Compare and contrast the different types of pneumonia. Priority care of the	Exam 1- Perioperative
	cont. 16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3). 17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4). 18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with chronic respiratory conditions (tracheobronchitis and pneumonia) 1. Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical	(Asthma, tracheobronchitis, and Pneumonia	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration  Discussion points: Compare and contrast the different types of pneumonia. Priority care of the patient with	Exam 1- Perioperative
	cont.  16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3).  17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4).  18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with chronic respiratory conditions (tracheobronchitis and pneumonia)  1. Discuss the patient-	(Asthma, tracheobronchitis, and Pneumonia only)	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration  Discussion points: Compare and contrast the different types of pneumonia. Priority care of the patient with pneumonia.	Exam 1- Perioperative
	cont.  16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3).  17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4).  18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with chronic respiratory conditions (tracheobronchitis and pneumonia)  1. Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and patient-centered, compassionate care	(Asthma, tracheobronchitis, and Pneumonia only)  Meiner: Pgs. 368,	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration  Discussion points: Compare and contrast the different types of pneumonia. Priority care of the patient with pneumonia. Importance of	Exam 1- Perioperative
	cont.  16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3).  17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4).  18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with chronic respiratory conditions (tracheobronchitis and pneumonia)  1. Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and patient-centered, compassionate care of patients with	(Asthma, tracheobronchitis, and Pneumonia only)  Meiner: Pgs. 368, 372-373, and 383-	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration  Discussion points: Compare and contrast the different types of pneumonia. Priority care of the patient with pneumonia. Importance of pneumonia	Exam 1- Perioperative
	cont.  16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3).  17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4).  18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with chronic respiratory conditions (tracheobronchitis and pneumonia)  1. Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and patient-centered, compassionate care of patients with tracheobronchitis and	(Asthma, tracheobronchitis, and Pneumonia only)  Meiner: Pgs. 368,	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration  Discussion points: Compare and contrast the different types of pneumonia. Priority care of the patient with pneumonia. Importance of pneumonia vaccine for older	Exam 1- Perioperative
	cont.  16. Evaluate variables that affect wound healing (Table 19-3).  17. Construct assessment parameters appropriate for the early detection of postoperative complications (Table 19-4).  18. Construct accurate nursing notes that reflect vital signs and relevant patient information.  -Care of the patient with chronic respiratory conditions (tracheobronchitis and pneumonia)  1. Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and patient-centered, compassionate care of patients with	(Asthma, tracheobronchitis, and Pneumonia only)  Meiner: Pgs. 368, 372-373, and 383-	pairs: Complete a preoperative exam, consent, and postoperative teaching  ATI Video Case Studies: Wound Evisceration  Discussion points: Compare and contrast the different types of pneumonia. Priority care of the patient with pneumonia. Importance of pneumonia	Exam 1- Perioperative

	2. Use the nursing process as a framework for care of the patient with tracheobronchitis and pneumonia. 3. Discuss the pharmacological management of tracheobronchi pneumonia including the nurse's role in patient/parent education for drug action, side effects, contraindications, and adverse effects. 4. Examine the EMR and its usefulness in providing trended data. 5. Examine laboratory and diagnostic tests related to the chronic respiratory conditions.	•	Students complete the Active Learning Template: System Disorder for pneumonia	
6	- Care of the patient with chronic respiratory conditions (asthma)  1. Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and patient-centered, compassionate care of patients with asthma.  2. Discuss the pharmacological management of asthma includir the nurse's role in patient/parent education for drug action, side effects, contraindications, and adverse effects.  3. Create a patient-centered education plan for new asthmatic patients including the peak flow meter for medication titration.  4. Evaluate patients for asthma self-management strategies.  5. Examine laboratory and diagnostic tests related to the asthma.		Students complete the Active Learning Template: System Disorder for asthma	ATI Learning System Quiz Bank Standard Quiz Fundamentals 1
7	-Care of the patient with upper respiratory infections/viruses  1. Describe conditions of the upper respiratory system.  2. Compare and contrast the upper respiratory tract infections according to cause, incidence, clinical manifestations, patient-centered compassionate care,	ATI Pharmacology Made Easy Module: The Respiratory System	Students complete Active Learning Templates: Medication for respiratory system disorders	Quiz on Asthma, tracheobronchitis and Pneumonia

	and the significance of preventive health care. 3. Discuss the pharmacological management of upper respirate tract infections and viruses inclute the nurse's role in patient/parent education for drug action, side effects, contraindications, and adverse effects. 4. Examine laboratory and diagnostic tests related to upper respiratory infections/viruses.			
8	-Care of the patient with Diabetes  1. Describe etiologic factors associated with diabetes.  2. Compare and contrast the signs and symptoms of hypo and hyperglycemia.  3. Discuss the triad of diet, exercise, and medication in the management of patient-centered, compassionate care of the diabetic.  4. Review the trended data for laboratory tests (HbA1c and glucose) from the EMR.  5. Evaluate the management strategies for a person with diabetes to use during "sick days."	H & C: Ch. 51  Meiner: Ch. 25, Pgs. 524-534  ATI  Dosage Calculations and Safe Medication Administration Case Studies: Diabetes	Class discussion: Discuss the importance of sick day management  Create a care plan for the patient with a HbA1c of 11.8%.  Review Table 51- 4 Insulin Regimens and discuss mixing different types of insulin for optimal coverage.	Exam 2 Respiratory, weeks 4-6
9	-Care of the patient with Diabetes cont. 6. Create a patient-centered education plan for insulin self-management. 7. Demonstrate understanding of major complications of diabetes and the self-care behaviors that are important in their prevention. 8. Differentiate between the different categories of insulin (Table 51-3) and different types of oral agents (Table 51-6). 9. Discuss the pharmacological management of oral diabetic medication including the nurse's role in patient/parent education for	H & C: Ch. 51  Meiner: Ch. 25, Pgs. 524-534  ATI Pharmacology Made Easy Module: The Endocrine System	Students complete Active Learning Templates: Medication for diabetes	ATI Learning System Quiz Bank Standard Quiz Fundamentals 2 and Final

	drug action aids offsets			
	drug action, side effects,			
	contraindications, and adverse			
	effects.			
10	-Care of the patient with	Barker: Ch. 4	Small group	<b>Quiz on Diabetes</b>
	chronic cardiac conditions	Compassionate	discussion:	
	(hypertension)	Care	Discuss the	ATI CMS
	, ,		components of	Fundamentals
	1. Define and describe care,	H & C: Ch. 31	the 6 C's pg. 72 in	Practice A with
	compassionate care, and care		the Barker text. Is	Focused Review
	culture.	Meiner: Ch.19	this feasible in	and Post Study
	2. Discuss models of care that	pgs. 333-338	today's nursing	Quiz
		pgs. 333-336		Quiz
	may support compassionate	ATI	practice?	
	care (QSEN-patient-centered	ATI	0	
	care, evidence-based	Pharmacology	Students	
	practice).	Made Easy	complete Active	
	Discuss risk factors for	Module: The	Learning	
	hypertension (Chart 31-1).	Cardiovascular	Templates for the	
	Differentiate between	System	medications	
	normal blood pressure and		associated with	
	hypertension, discussing the		the patient in the	
	significance of hypertension		cardiovascular	
	(Table 31-1).		case study in	
	5. Ensure accurate entries of		Pharm Made	
	vital signs in the EMR.		Easy.	
	6. Modify treatment		Lasy.	
	approaches for hypertension			
	for the older adult, including			
	lifestyle modifications and			
	medication therapy (Table 31-			
	2).			
	7. Recognize medication			
	therapy for hypertension and			
	the important serum lab levels			
	to review.			
	8. Discuss the pharmacological			
	management of cardiac			
	medications including			
	the nurse's role in			
	patient/parent education for			
	drug action, side effects,			
	contraindications, and			
	adverse effects.			
	Examine laboratory and			
	diagnostic tests related to the			
	chronic cardiac conditions.			
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11	-ECG interpretation	11.0 0.05 00	Review of ECG	Exam 3 Diabetes
	Correlate the components	H & C: Ch. 26	rhythms in small	and Hypertension
	of the normal		groups:	
	electrocardiogram (ECG) with	Meiner: Ch.	Normal sinus	
	the physiologic events of the		rhythm (NSR)	
	heart.	ATI Dosage	Sinus bradycardia	
	2. Analyze elements of an	Calculations and	(SB)	
	ECG rhythm strip.	Safe Medication	Sinus tachycardia	
	3. Examine laboratory and	Administration	(ST)	
	diagnostic tests related to	Case Studies:	Atrial fibrillation	
		Acute MI	(A-fib)	
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12	changes in the cardiac rhythm.  -Basic ECG cont. 3. Discuss the ECG as a wave form that represents the cardiac electrical event in relation to the lead (placement of electrodes). 4. Differentiate between the normal ECG and a dysrhythmia. 5. Review telemetry technicians notes on ECG strip in the EMR throughout the shift.		Premature ventricular complex (PVC)  Review of ECG rhythms in small groups: Normal sinus rhythm (NSR) Sinus bradycardia (SB) Sinus tachycardia (ST) Atrial fibrillation (A-fib)	Quiz at end of class on rhythms.
13	-Disorders of the eye and ear  1. Discuss patient-centered, compassionate care for older adults with low vision.  2. Discuss the pharmacologic actions and nursing management of common ophthalmic medications including the nurse's role in patient/parent education for drug action, side effects, contraindications, and adverse effects.  3. Create a patient-centered discharge education plan for patients after ocular surgery.  4. Describe common changes in the ear that affect hearing in older adults.  5. Explain methods used to assess hearing and balance disorders.  6. Differentiate problems of the external ear from those of the middle and inner ear.  7. Apply the nursing process as a framework for compassionate care of patients with vertigo.  8. Examine laboratory and diagnostic tests related to the eyes and ears.	H & C: Ch. 63  Meiner: Ch. Eye- Pg. 312-320 Ear- Pg. 321-329  ATI Review Module/eBook: Adult Medical Surgical Nursing Chapters 12 & 13	Class discussion: Health promotion of sight and hearing in the older adult.  Ensuring safety in the patient room after eye or ear surgery.  Students complete Active Learning Templates for the medications used in ophthalmic disorders and a System Disorder for vertigo.	ATI CMS Fundamentals Practice B with Focused Review and Post-Study Quiz
14	-Fluid and electrolyte imbalance and basic Acid/Base balance	H & C: Ch. 13 Meiner: Pgs. 246- 254		Exam 4 Cardiac conduction, ECG rhythms, and Disorders of the Eye and Ear

	Recall your understanding	ATI Video Case		
	of osmosis, diffusion, filtration,	Studies Acid		
	and active transport.	Base Imbalances		
	2. Differentiate the role of the			
	kidneys, lungs, and endocrine			
	glands in regulating the			
	body's fluid composition and			
	volume.			
	3. Discuss the effects of aging			
	on fluid and electrolyte			
	regulation.			
	4. Discuss the pharmacologic			
	actions and medical			
	management and			
	patient-centered care of			
	dehydration or fluid overload			
	including			
	the nurse's role in			
	patient/parent education for			
	drug action, side effects,			
	contraindications, and			
	adverse effects.			
15	Fluid and electrolyte	H & C: Ch. 13	Students	ATI CMS
	imbalance and basic		complete Active	Fundamentals
	Acid/Base balance cont.	Meiner: Pgs. 246-	Learning	Proctored
	5. Examine the role of the	254	Templates as they	Assessment with
	lungs, kidneys, and chemical		learn the different	Focused Review
	buffers in the maintaining		concepts	and retake, if
	acid-base balance.	ATI	regarding fluid	necessary.
	6. Compare and contrast	Review	electrolyte and	
	metabolic acidosis and	Module/eBook:	acid/base	
	alkalosis considering the	Adult Medical	imbalances.	
	cause, clinical manifestations,	Surgical Nursing		
	diagnosis, and patient-	Chapters 44 & 45		
	centered care.			
	7. Compare and contrast			
	respiratory acidosis and			
	alkalosis considering the			
	cause, clinical manifestations,			
	diagnosis, and patient- centered care.			
	8. Consider the basic			
	interpretation of arterial blood			
	gas measurements and other			
	diagnostic and laboratory			
	tests.			
	Accurately records intake			
	and output in the EMR.			
16	Comprehensive Exam and Co	urse Wran-uP	l	
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# **Grading Rubric**

Concept Map for Perioperative Experience (100pts) Identify the underlying pathophysiology that is causing the need for the surgical procedure. Are there biopsychosocial, cultural, or religious needs or preferences that could cause challenges for this patient? What should the outcome of the surgical procedure be if all goes well. What does the recovery entail for this patient? What is the priority nursing diagnosis for this patient?

Criteria	Excellent 25pts	Very Good 20pts	Good 15pts	Needs improvement 10pts	Assigned points
Concepts  Pathophysiology leading to surgical need	Most concepts and all significant concepts selected and they clearly relate to the topic	Most concepts relating to topic were selected	Minimal but acceptable number of concepts selected, with some relationship to the topic	Insufficient number of concepts selected relating to topic	/25
	Arrangement of concepts demonstrates complete understanding of subordinate conceptual relationships	Arrangement of concepts demonstrates an understanding of subordinate conceptual relationships	Arrangement of concepts demonstrates simple understanding of subordinate conceptual relationships	Arrangement of concepts illustrates no understanding of conceptual relationships	

Hierarchical Structure Surgical outcome	Concepts connected in a hierarchical structure leading to more specific concepts	Concepts connected in a hierarchical structure	Limited hierarchical structure used	Concepts are displayed in a linear sequence. Little or no sense of hierarchical structure	/25
<b>Linkages</b> Recovery	All relationships indicated by a connecting line and accurately labeled with appropriate linking words  Linking words are expressive and purposeful	Most relationships indicated with a connecting line and labeled with linking words  Linking words are accurate and varied	Straightforward relationships connected with linking words  Linking words show variety	Some basic relationships indicated by connected lines  Linking words are simple and repetitive	/25
Crosslinks  Biopsychosocial, cultural, religious needs and preferences	Cross links show complex relationships between two or more distinct segments of the concept map.	Cross links used to reflect straightforward connections	Few cross links are used to illustrate minimal connections	Cross links not used	/25

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# Clinical syllabus (135hrs)

Faculty: TBD Clinical Site: TBD Faculty: TBD Phone: TBD Email: TBD

Office hours: TBD

#### Clinical objectives:

- 1. Refine head to toe assessment on patients with chronic conditions.
- 2. Construct patient-centered plans of care with the assistance of faculty that identify the priority nursing diagnosis.
- 3. Recall BPC2725 in regards to safe medication administration.
- 4. Prepares and administers medication to patient under direct supervision of clinical faculty.
- 5. Compares multiple points of data in critical thinking process for patients with acute conditions.
- 6. Evaluate time management and organization skills to assess where changes need to occur.

\*After skills lab for medication administration and hospital orientation (24hrs), students will spend five (5) eight hour shifts (30 min lunch and two 15 min breaks) and six (6) twelve hour shifts (30 min lunch and two 15 min breaks). All shifts will include a 15 min preconference and an hour post-conference, location to be determined. Total clinical hours include 25% non-direct patient care.

**Textbook:** Clinical Nursing Skills & Techniques (Potter)

ATI Skills Videos, practice tests

#### Clinical schedule:

Week	Patient assignment	
1	Medication administration in Skills	Bring Nurse Bag and Skills
6:45-	Lab	textbook
15:30		Potter: Units 8, 10
2	Medication administration in Skills	Bring Nurse Bag and Skills
6:45-	Lab	textbook
15:30		Potter: Units 8, 10
3	Hospital orientation	
6:45-	Tour of hospital	
15:30	Scavenger Hunt	
4	Patient care:	Preconference 6:45-7:00
6:45-	Observation only, pair with RN	Lunch at your convenience but
15:30		prior to 13:00, notify RN
		Post-conference 14:30-15:30
5	Patient care:	Preconference 6:45-7:00
6:45-	Surgical patients and patients with	Lunch at your convenience but
15:30	respiratory conditions	prior to 13:00, notify RN
	2 students to surgery	Post-conference 14:30-15:30
	2 students to Ridley-Tree Wound	
	Center	Allow pairs of students to care
		for one patient if applicable.
6	Patient care:	Preconference 6:45-7:00
6:45-	Surgical patients and patients with	Lunch at your convenience but
15:30	respiratory conditions	prior to 13:00, notify RN
10.00	2 students to surgery	Post-conference 14:30-15:30
	2 students to Ridley-Tree Wound	1 301 3011101100 11.00 10.00
	Center	
7	Patient care:	Preconference 6:45-7:00
6:45-	Surgical patients, patients with	Lunch at your convenience but
15:30	respiratory conditions, and patients with	prior to 13:00, notify RN
	diabetes	Post-conference 14:30-15:30
	2 students to surgery	
	2 students to Ridley-Tree Wound	
	Center	
8	Patient care:	Preconference 6:45-7:00

6:45- 15:30	Surgical patients, patients with respiratory conditions, and patients with diabetes  2 students to surgery  2 students to Ridley-Tree Wound Center	Lunch at your convenience but prior to 13:00, notify RN Post-conference 14:30-15:30
9 6:45- 19:30	Surgical patients, patients with respiratory conditions, patients with diabetes, and patients with hypertension and cardiac dysrhythmias	Preconference 6:45-7:00 Lunch at your convenience but prior to 13:00, notify RN Post-conference 14:30-15:30
10 6:45- 19:30	Surgical patients, patients with respiratory conditions, patients with diabetes, and patients with hypertension and cardiac dysrhythmias	Preconference 6:45-7:00 Lunch at your convenience but prior to 13:00, notify RN Post-conference 18:30-19:30
11 6:45- 19:30	Surgical patients, patients with respiratory conditions, patients with diabetes, and patients with hypertension and cardiac dysrhythmias	Preconference 6:45-7:00 Lunch at your convenience but prior to 13:00, notify RN Post-conference 18:30-19:30
12 6:45- 19:30	Surgical patients, patients with respiratory conditions, patients with diabetes, patients with hypertension and cardiac dysrhythmias, and patient with disorders of the eye and ear	Preconference 6:45-7:00 Lunch at your convenience but prior to 13:00, notify RN Post-conference 18:30-19:30
13 6:45- 19:30	Surgical patients, patients with respiratory conditions, patients with diabetes, patients with hypertension and cardiac dysrhythmias, and patient with disorders of the eye and ear	Preconference 6:45-7:00 Lunch at your convenience but prior to 13:00, notify RN Post-conference 18:30-19:30
14 6:45- 19:30	Surgical patients, patients with respiratory conditions, patients with diabetes, patients with hypertension and cardiac dysrhythmias, patient with disorders of the eye and ear, and patients with fluid and electrolyte and ABG disorders	Preconference 6:45-7:00 Lunch at your convenience but prior to 13:00, notify RN Post-conference 18:30-19:30
15 6:45- 13:00	Patient care: Surgical patient, patient with respiratory conditions, patients with disorders of the eyes or ears, diabetes, hypertension or on telemetry	Preconference 6:45-7:00 13:00 Celebratory Lunch
16	Course Wrap-up, Clinical Evaluations	